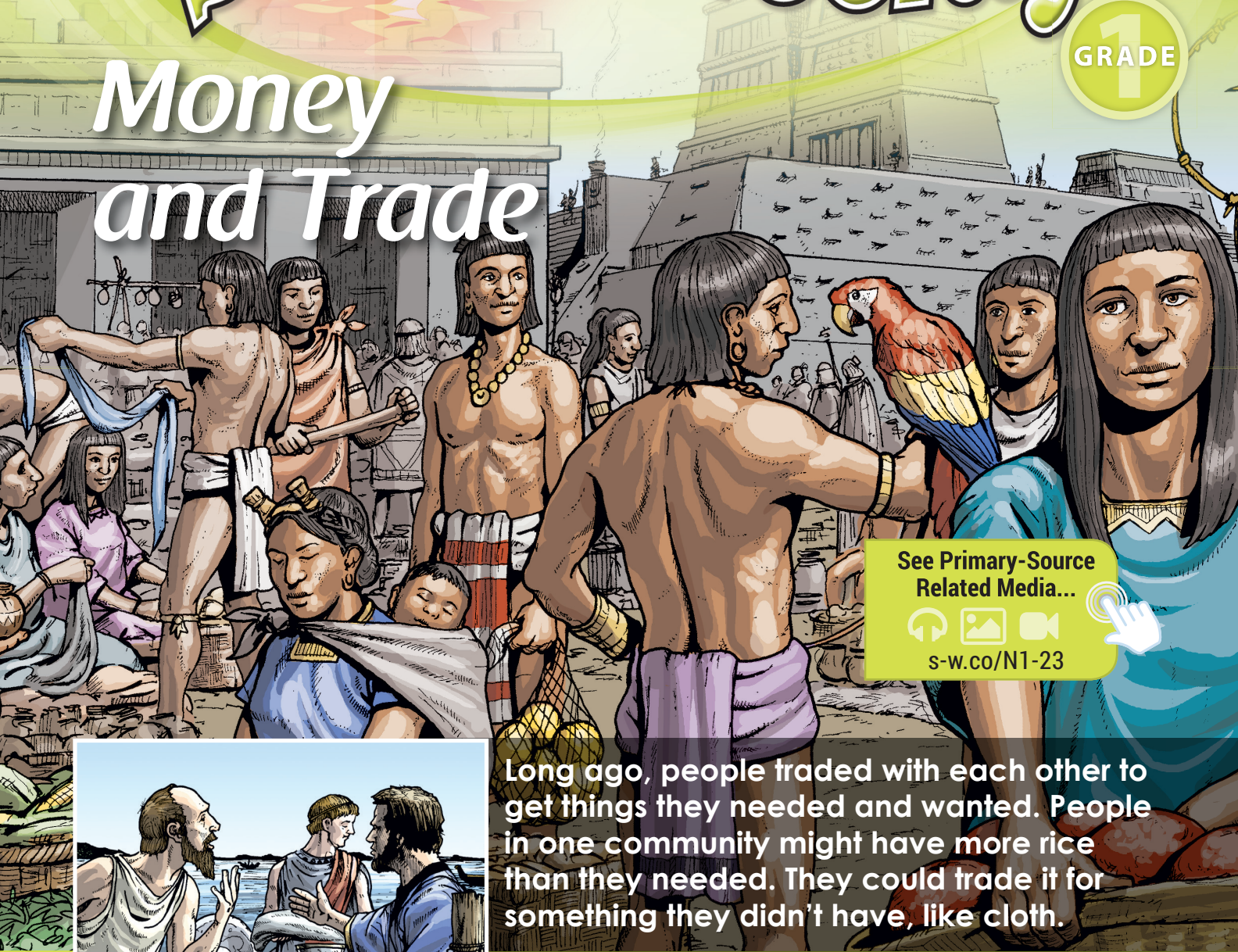


First Grade

# Studies Weekly™

GRADE 1

## Money and Trade



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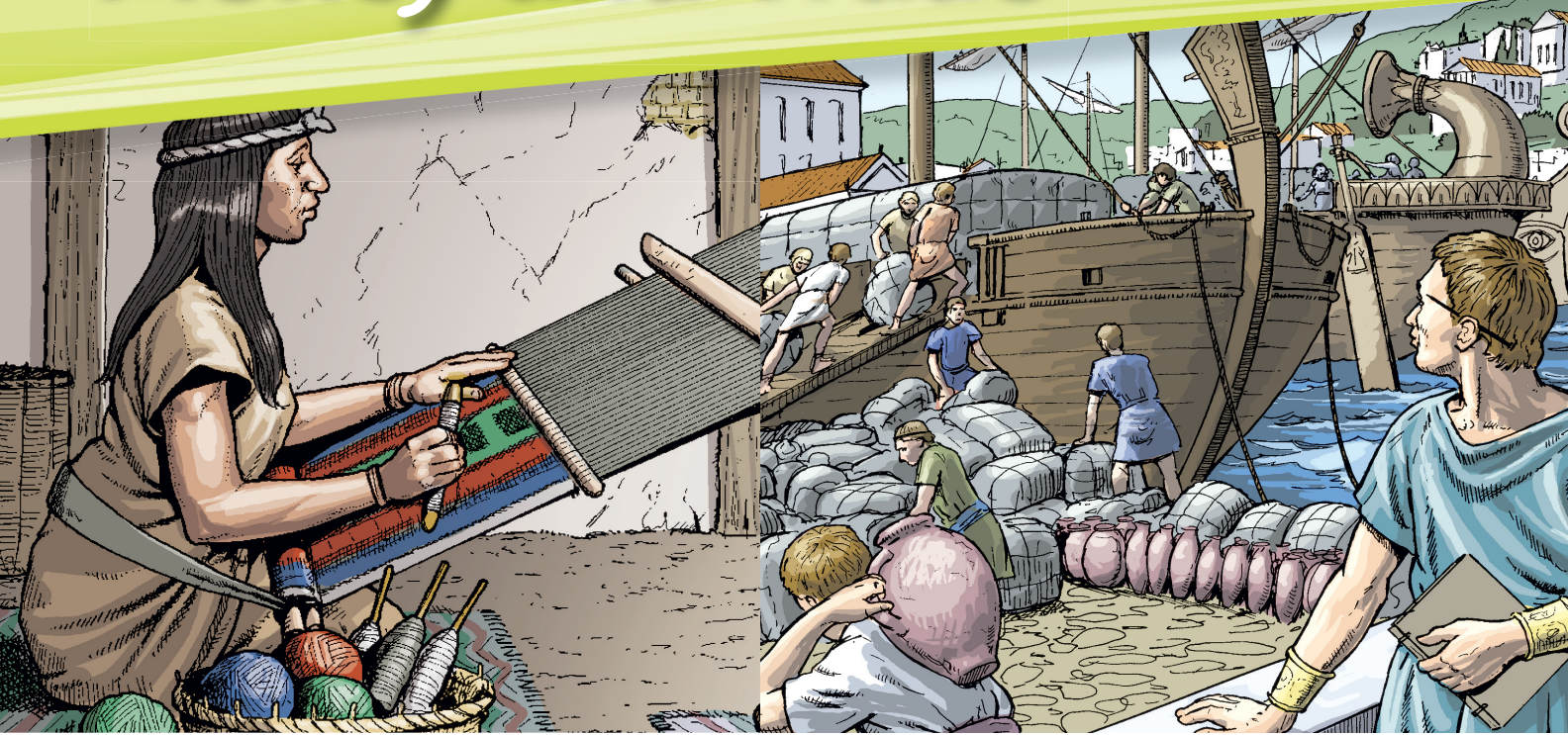


Long ago, people traded with each other to get things they needed and wanted. People in one community might have more rice than they needed. They could trade it for something they didn't have, like cloth.

Money was invented about 4,000 years ago. People used shells, stones, beads and even whales' teeth as money. Some people used coins made of silver or gold.



# Money and Trade



People traded goods and services. People often traded with weavers (people who make cloth). They might give the weaver a tea kettle or some vegetables. Trading goods and services is called bartering.

Did people only trade with those who lived close to them? No. People often traveled hundreds of miles to trade. Some travelers rode on animals like camels or donkeys, and some sailed in canoes or ships.



Today, people still depend on others to get things they need and want. We send goods from the United States to countries around the world. Other countries send goods to us, too.

These standards are representative of common first grade social studies curriculum standards. Please use them as a guideline to determine which of your state's standards are addressed. You may view a detailed correlation of your state's social studies standards with this publication at [studiesweekly.com](http://studiesweekly.com).

- Recognize that money is a method of exchanging goods and services.
- Recognize the importance of saving money for future purchases.
- Distinguish people as buyers, sellers, and producers of goods and services.



Brazil grows more coffee than any other country in the world. Brazil sends coffee to people around the world. Every year, they send 28 million bags of coffee to other places.



Have you ever heard anyone say, "Save for a rainy day"? That means people should save some money in case of an emergency.



Many years ago, people saved money and other valuable things by burying them. Today, some people save coins in a jar or a piggy bank. Many people take their money to a bank to keep it safe.



In Mexico, paper money is called pesos. One peso is equal to 100 centavos. Five centavos, 10 centavos, 20 centavos and one peso are some Mexican coins.



Name \_\_\_\_\_

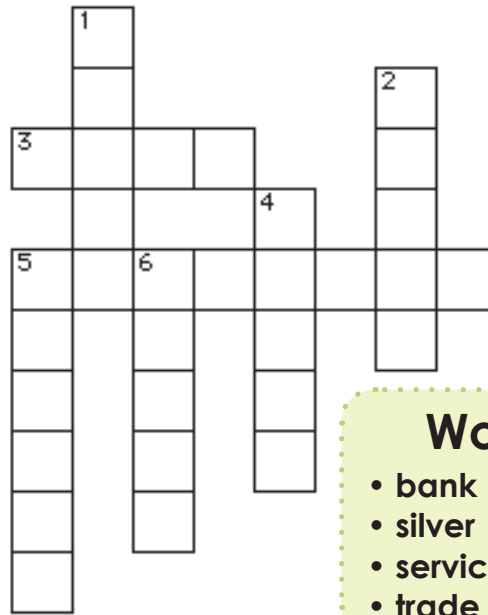
## CROSSWORD PUZZLE

**ACROSS**

- Many people take their money to a \_\_\_\_\_ to keep it safe.
- People traded goods and \_\_\_\_\_.

**DOWN**

- People often traveled hundreds of miles to \_\_\_\_\_.
- About 4,000 years ago, \_\_\_\_\_ was invented.
- Some people save coins in a jar or a \_\_\_\_\_ bank.
- Some people used coins made of \_\_\_\_\_ or gold.
- "Save for a \_\_\_\_\_ day" means to save money in case of an emergency.



### Word Bank

- bank
- silver
- services
- trade
- rainy
- money
- piggy



Where is Mexico? Use your favorite color to fill in Mexico on the map. What is paper money called in Mexico?

\_\_\_\_\_

Circle **yes** if the sentence is correct. Circle **no** if the sentence is not correct.

1. One peso is equal to 100 centavos.

**yes** **no**

2. Mexico grows more coffee than any other country in the world.

**yes** **no**

3. Trading goods and services is called saving.

**yes** **no**

